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4-Methyl-*N'*-(2,2,2-trichloroethanimidoyl)benzene-1-carboximidamide

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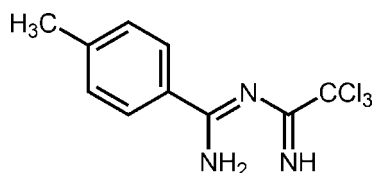
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 173$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.029; wR factor = 0.077; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.5.

The title compound, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{10}\text{Cl}_3\text{N}_3$, features a delocalized unsaturated $\text{N}=\text{C}=\text{N}=\text{C}=\text{N}$ chain and strong intramolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonding across the chelate ring and also intramolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ contacts to a CCl_3 -group Cl atom. The only intermolecular contacts in the lattice are non-classical hydrogen bonds between methyl and CCl_3 groups. The pseudo-six-membered ring is distinctly non-planar by virtue of rotation about the $\text{N}-\text{C}$ bond between the carboximidamide and imine components [$\text{C}-\text{N}-\text{C}-\text{N}$ torsion angle = $-23.6(2)^\circ$].

Related literature

For crystal structures of closely related *N'*-(trichloro/trifluoroethanimidoyl)aryl-1-carboximidamides, see: Boéré, Roemmele, Suduweli Kondage *et al.* (2011); Boéré, Roemmele & Yu (2011). For a review of this less-common class of chelating ligands, see: Kopylovich & Pombeiro (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{10}\text{Cl}_3\text{N}_3$
 $M_r = 278.56$

 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 12.2952(7)$ Å

 $b = 9.0696(6)$ Å

 $c = 11.5407(7)$ Å

 $\beta = 109.661(1)^\circ$
 $V = 1211.90(13)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$

 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $\mu = 0.73$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 173$ K

 $0.43 \times 0.34 \times 0.25$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan

 (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2008)

 $T_{\min} = 0.747$, $T_{\max} = 0.838$

16754 measured reflections

2762 independent reflections

 2594 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.014$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.077$
 $S = 1.08$

2762 reflections

158 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.40$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.41$ e Å⁻³
Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{N3}$	0.83 (2)	2.07 (2)	2.683 (2)	130.8 (18)
$\text{N3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{Cl1}$	0.81 (2)	2.49 (2)	2.9993 (15)	122.2 (19)
$\text{C10}-\text{H10A}\cdots\text{Cl2}^i$	0.98	2.93	3.871 (2)	162 (1)
$\text{C10}-\text{H10C}\cdots\text{Cl3}^{ii}$	0.98	2.93	3.581 (2)	125 (1)

 Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$; (ii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2008); cell refinement: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: *SAINT-Plus*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

This research was supported by the Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council (NSERC) of Canada. The diffractometer at the University of Lethbridge X-ray Diffraction Facility was purchased with the help of the NSERC and the University of Lethbridge.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PV2466).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o3137 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811044710]

4-Methyl-*N'*-(2,2,2-trichloroethanimidoyl)benzene-1-carboximidamide

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S1. Comment

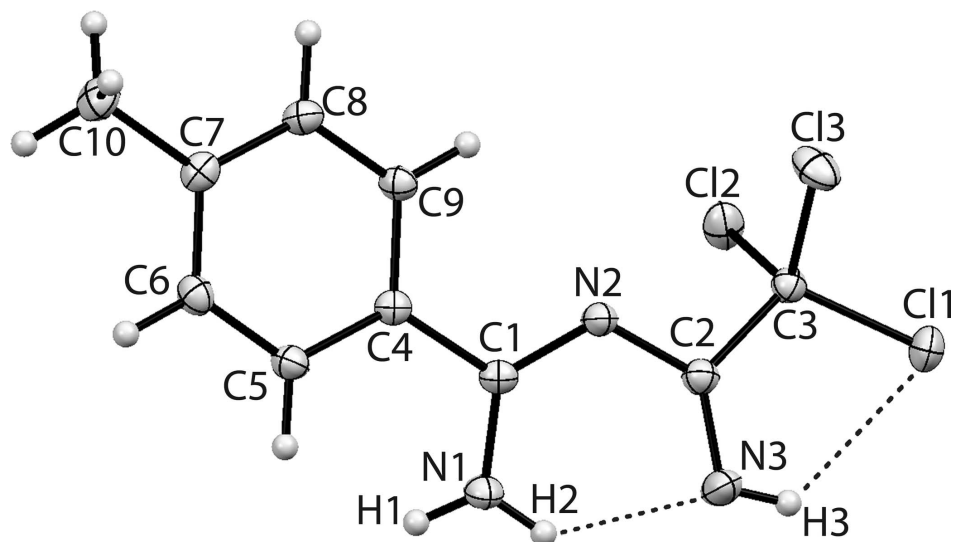
The title compound (Figure 1), commonly known as an imidoamidine, was prepared as part of our continuing interest in *C,N,S* based heterocycles (Boéré, Roemmele & Yu, 2011). The molecular structure is very similar to seven independent molecules from our previous study (Boéré, Roemmele, Suduweli Kondage *et al.*, 2011), with only a single tautomeric form being evidenced in the crystal lattice. The bond lengths and angles for the N \cdots C \cdots N \cdots C \cdots N core are nearly identical within the s.u. values to the comparison group. Intramolecular hydrogen bonding occurs between N1—H2 \cdots N3 at 2.683 (2) Å to form a *pseudo* six membered ring. This hydrogen bond is slightly longer (just outside the s.u. values) than the previously reported average of 2.638 (14) Å, which is likely due to a slight rotation of the core (C1—N2—C2—N3 torsion angle = 23.6 (2) °) which causes N3 to be twisted out of the plane of the other four atoms (N1,C1,N2,C2) compared to a range of 4.2 (5) to 16.0 (2) ° for this torsion angle in the comparison group. Also noteworthy is a short intramolecular N3—H3 \cdots Cl1 contact at 2.9993 (15) Å, which is within s.u. values of the other known trichloromethyl imidoamidines. The most surprising feature is the complete lack of intermolecular hydrogen bonding involving the NH or NH₂ groups, which was previously observed only in the structure of 4-trifluoromethyl-*N'*-(2,2,2-trichloroethanimidoyl)-benzene-1-carboximidamide. In fact, the only short contacts are non-classical hydrogen bonds between the methyl and CCl₃ groups, specifically from H10A to Cl2ⁱ and H10C to Cl3ⁱⁱ at 2.9272 (5) and 2.9245 (5) Å (Figure 2).

S2. Experimental

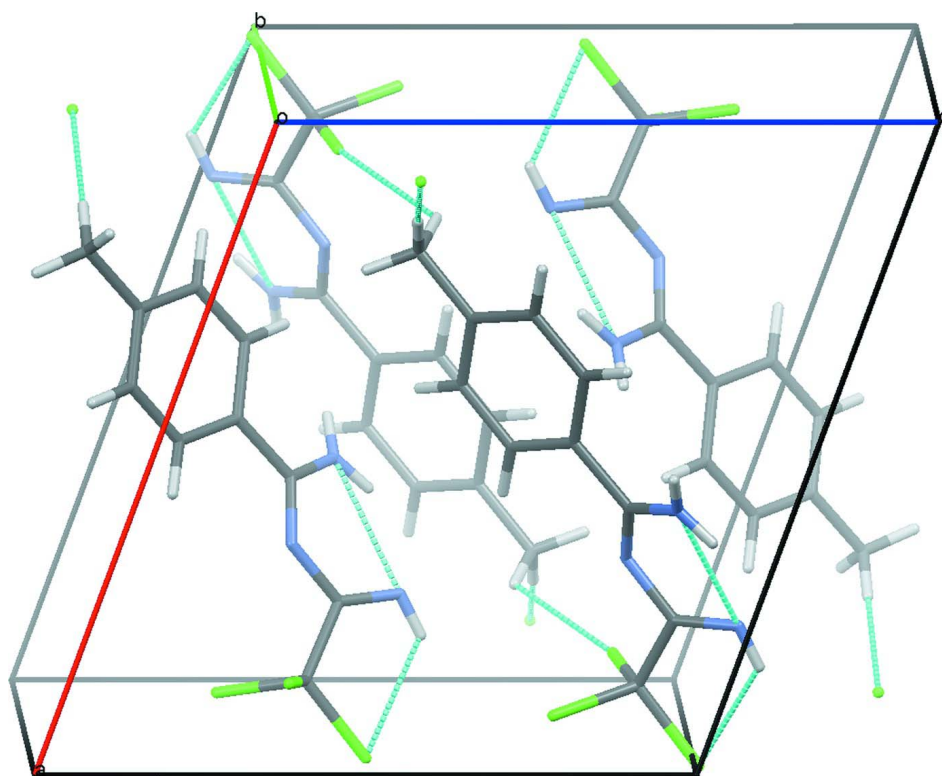
The title compound was prepared as were those described in Boéré, Roemmele, Suduweli Kondage *et al.* (2011) by addition of trichloroacetonitrile to *N,N,N'*-4-methylbenzamidine in acetonitrile. Crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were grown by vacuum sublimation (m.p. 315–317 K).

S3. Refinement

C-bound H atoms were treated as riding, with C—H = 0.98 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for methyl and C—H = 0.95–0.96 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for all other H atoms. The three N-bound H-atom positions were refined using a distance restraint of 0.88 Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$.

**Figure 1**

Displacement ellipsoid plot (drawn at the 30% probability level) of the title compound. Intramolecular N1...N3 and N3...Cl1 hydrogen bonds (dotted lines) occur in the molecular structure within the crystal lattice.

**Figure 2**

Crystal packing diagram showing the short intermolecular contacts as well as the intramolecular hydrogen bonds.

4-methyl-*N'*-(2,2,2-trichloroethanimidoyl)benzene-1-carboximidamide

Crystal data

C₁₀H₁₀Cl₃N₃ $M_r = 278.56$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

 $a = 12.2952 (7) \text{ \AA}$ $b = 9.0696 (6) \text{ \AA}$ $c = 11.5407 (7) \text{ \AA}$ $\beta = 109.661 (1)^\circ$ $V = 1211.90 (13) \text{ \AA}^3$ $Z = 4$ $F(000) = 568$ $D_x = 1.527 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Melting point: 315 K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 9876 reflections

 $\theta = 2.9\text{--}27.5^\circ$ $\mu = 0.73 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ $T = 173 \text{ K}$

Prism, colourless

 $0.43 \times 0.34 \times 0.25 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: X-ray, Bruker D8

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 0.015 pixels mm^{-1} ϕ and ω scansAbsorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2008) $T_{\min} = 0.747$, $T_{\max} = 0.838$

16754 measured reflections

2762 independent reflections

2594 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.014$ $\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.8^\circ$ $h = -15 \rightarrow 15$ $k = -11 \rightarrow 11$ $l = -14 \rightarrow 14$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$ $wR(F^2) = 0.077$ $S = 1.08$

2762 reflections

158 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sitesH atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0354P)^2 + 0.6197P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.40 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.41 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Experimental. A crystal coated in Paratone oil was mounted on the end of a thin glass capillary and cooled in the gas stream of the diffractometer Kryoflex device.**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.**Refinement.** Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.60366 (11)	0.08801 (14)	0.75586 (12)	0.0251 (3)

C2	0.78479 (12)	0.15175 (16)	0.89254 (13)	0.0296 (3)
C3	0.89517 (12)	0.22286 (16)	0.88006 (12)	0.0282 (3)
C4	0.50862 (11)	0.12222 (14)	0.63920 (12)	0.0247 (3)
C5	0.39803 (12)	0.06308 (16)	0.61262 (13)	0.0308 (3)
H5	0.3829	-0.0045	0.6682	0.037*
C6	0.31014 (12)	0.10232 (17)	0.50565 (14)	0.0330 (3)
H6	0.2354	0.0609	0.4888	0.040*
C7	0.32937 (12)	0.20122 (16)	0.42266 (13)	0.0299 (3)
C8	0.44024 (12)	0.25899 (17)	0.44926 (13)	0.0313 (3)
H8	0.4552	0.3263	0.3934	0.038*
C9	0.52899 (12)	0.22015 (16)	0.55551 (13)	0.0283 (3)
H9	0.6040	0.2603	0.5715	0.034*
C10	0.23320 (14)	0.2455 (2)	0.30785 (15)	0.0413 (4)
H10A	0.1764	0.1656	0.2828	0.062*
H10B	0.2648	0.2651	0.2419	0.062*
H10C	0.1957	0.3347	0.3240	0.062*
N1	0.59080 (12)	-0.02814 (15)	0.82081 (13)	0.0339 (3)
N2	0.69301 (10)	0.17656 (14)	0.78685 (11)	0.0298 (3)
N3	0.78334 (13)	0.08069 (19)	0.98683 (13)	0.0434 (3)
Cl1	1.01604 (3)	0.20856 (5)	1.01601 (3)	0.04137 (12)
Cl2	0.92765 (3)	0.12843 (5)	0.76109 (4)	0.04211 (12)
Cl3	0.87281 (4)	0.41134 (4)	0.84076 (5)	0.04654 (12)
H1	0.5360 (18)	-0.087 (2)	0.7925 (18)	0.045 (5)*
H2	0.6389 (17)	-0.041 (2)	0.8902 (18)	0.039 (5)*
H3	0.846 (2)	0.083 (3)	1.041 (2)	0.055 (6)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0274 (6)	0.0241 (6)	0.0277 (6)	0.0044 (5)	0.0141 (5)	0.0011 (5)
C2	0.0292 (7)	0.0314 (7)	0.0289 (7)	-0.0001 (5)	0.0107 (5)	0.0021 (5)
C3	0.0278 (6)	0.0279 (7)	0.0279 (6)	0.0003 (5)	0.0080 (5)	0.0000 (5)
C4	0.0263 (6)	0.0229 (6)	0.0271 (6)	0.0036 (5)	0.0118 (5)	-0.0007 (5)
C5	0.0304 (7)	0.0297 (7)	0.0338 (7)	-0.0013 (5)	0.0130 (6)	0.0035 (6)
C6	0.0259 (6)	0.0352 (7)	0.0378 (8)	-0.0007 (6)	0.0105 (6)	-0.0002 (6)
C7	0.0291 (7)	0.0315 (7)	0.0292 (6)	0.0074 (5)	0.0100 (5)	-0.0009 (5)
C8	0.0332 (7)	0.0330 (7)	0.0300 (7)	0.0036 (6)	0.0137 (6)	0.0054 (6)
C9	0.0266 (6)	0.0300 (7)	0.0309 (7)	0.0014 (5)	0.0131 (5)	0.0015 (5)
C10	0.0324 (8)	0.0489 (9)	0.0384 (8)	0.0086 (7)	0.0066 (6)	0.0064 (7)
N1	0.0350 (7)	0.0292 (6)	0.0353 (7)	-0.0021 (5)	0.0090 (5)	0.0079 (5)
N2	0.0278 (6)	0.0333 (6)	0.0281 (6)	-0.0013 (5)	0.0091 (5)	0.0061 (5)
N3	0.0373 (7)	0.0599 (9)	0.0306 (6)	-0.0050 (7)	0.0080 (6)	0.0124 (6)
Cl1	0.0336 (2)	0.0485 (2)	0.0339 (2)	-0.00458 (15)	0.00062 (15)	-0.00111 (15)
Cl2	0.0371 (2)	0.0550 (3)	0.0387 (2)	-0.00594 (17)	0.01858 (16)	-0.01338 (17)
Cl3	0.0414 (2)	0.02872 (19)	0.0694 (3)	0.00018 (15)	0.01851 (19)	0.00905 (17)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—N2	1.3098 (18)	C6—C7	1.389 (2)
C1—N1	1.3328 (18)	C6—H6	0.9500
C1—C4	1.4885 (18)	C7—C8	1.395 (2)
C2—N3	1.270 (2)	C7—C10	1.504 (2)
C2—N2	1.3732 (18)	C8—C9	1.3849 (19)
C2—C3	1.5525 (19)	C8—H8	0.9500
C3—C11	1.7657 (14)	C9—H9	0.9500
C3—C13	1.7662 (15)	C10—H10A	0.9800
C3—C12	1.7739 (14)	C10—H10B	0.9800
C4—C9	1.3955 (19)	C10—H10C	0.9800
C4—C5	1.3964 (19)	N1—H1	0.84 (2)
C5—C6	1.386 (2)	N1—H2	0.83 (2)
C5—H5	0.9500	N3—H3	0.81 (2)
N2—C1—N1	125.34 (13)	C6—C7—C8	118.11 (13)
N2—C1—C4	116.76 (12)	C6—C7—C10	120.94 (14)
N1—C1—C4	117.90 (13)	C8—C7—C10	120.94 (14)
N3—C2—N2	126.87 (14)	C9—C8—C7	121.33 (13)
N3—C2—C3	123.71 (13)	C9—C8—H8	119.3
N2—C2—C3	109.41 (11)	C7—C8—H8	119.3
C2—C3—C11	112.81 (10)	C8—C9—C4	120.22 (13)
C2—C3—C13	111.13 (10)	C8—C9—H9	119.9
C11—C3—C13	108.12 (8)	C4—C9—H9	119.9
C2—C3—C12	107.62 (10)	C7—C10—H10A	109.5
C11—C3—C12	108.12 (8)	C7—C10—H10B	109.5
C13—C3—C12	108.94 (8)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C9—C4—C5	118.73 (13)	C7—C10—H10C	109.5
C9—C4—C1	119.31 (12)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C5—C4—C1	121.92 (12)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C6—C5—C4	120.46 (13)	C1—N1—H1	121.3 (14)
C6—C5—H5	119.8	C1—N1—H2	118.1 (14)
C4—C5—H5	119.8	H1—N1—H2	121 (2)
C5—C6—C7	121.15 (13)	C1—N2—C2	120.34 (12)
C5—C6—H6	119.4	C2—N3—H3	111.7 (16)
C7—C6—H6	119.4		
N3—C2—C3—C11	-5.2 (2)	C4—C5—C6—C7	-0.2 (2)
N2—C2—C3—C11	175.64 (10)	C5—C6—C7—C8	0.7 (2)
N3—C2—C3—C13	-126.84 (15)	C5—C6—C7—C10	-178.90 (14)
N2—C2—C3—C13	54.02 (14)	C6—C7—C8—C9	-0.4 (2)
N3—C2—C3—C12	113.95 (16)	C10—C7—C8—C9	179.23 (14)
N2—C2—C3—C12	-65.19 (13)	C7—C8—C9—C4	-0.5 (2)
N2—C1—C4—C9	15.26 (18)	C5—C4—C9—C8	1.0 (2)
N1—C1—C4—C9	-165.53 (13)	C1—C4—C9—C8	-176.86 (12)
N2—C1—C4—C5	-162.49 (13)	N1—C1—N2—C2	1.5 (2)
N1—C1—C4—C5	16.73 (19)	C4—C1—N2—C2	-179.38 (12)

C9—C4—C5—C6	-0.6 (2)	N3—C2—N2—C1	-23.6 (2)
C1—C4—C5—C6	177.12 (13)	C3—C2—N2—C1	155.50 (12)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D—H...A</i>	<i>D—H</i>	<i>H...A</i>	<i>D...A</i>	<i>D—H...A</i>
N1—H2...N3	0.83 (2)	2.07 (2)	2.683 (2)	130.8 (18)
N3—H3...C11	0.81 (2)	2.49 (2)	2.9993 (15)	122.2 (19)
C10—H10A...C12 ⁱ	0.98	2.93	3.871 (2)	162 (1)
C10—H10C...C13 ⁱⁱ	0.98	2.93	3.581 (2)	125 (1)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.